

Scripps National Spelling Bee

Vocabulary List for Fourth Graders 2018-2019

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1.	dense	(adjective)	crowded very close together.
2.	groan	(noun)	a deep, sudden, unintentional sound that usually indicates pain, grief, or sometimes disapproval or annoyance.
3.	siren	(noun)	an apparatus often electrically operated for producing a piercing warning sound of musical tones.
4.	angles	(plural noun)	the directions from which someone or something is viewed, considered or approached.
5.	fend	(verb)	to look out for oneself : manage.
6.	rubbish	(noun)	assorted useless, valueless waste or rejected matter : trash.
7.	tuneful	(adjective)	having a musical sound : melodious.
8.	artistic	(adjective)	characterized by taste and judgment or by art and skill.
9.	squishy	(adjective)	being soft, yielding and damp.
10.	clumsy	(adjective)	not having ease in using the hands, skill, nimbleness or grace, such as in the use of the body or limbs or in the performance of an action.
11.	kibble	(noun)	coarsely ground dried food products or grain.
12.	cues	(plural noun)	signals (such as words or bits of stage business) to a performer to begin a specific speech or action.
13.	boasted	(verb)	said or told something intended to give others a high opinion of yourself : bragged.
14.	prayer	(noun)	an address (such as a petition or confession) to God or a god in word or thought.
15.	tireless	(adjective)	seemingly not able to become weary or have your strength decrease or fail.
16.	factory	(noun)	a building or collection of buildings with facilities (such as machines) for making goods often from raw materials.
17.	borrowed	(verb)	received something (such as a book) from a library to use outside the library for a period of time.
18.	shavings	(plural noun)	thin strips of wood pared off by a tool for smoothing or shaping wood.
19.	poodles	(plural noun)	dogs of an old European breed of active, intelligent dogs that have a curly, dense, solid-colored coat and are grouped into standard, miniature and toy sizes.
20.	gravity	(noun)	the tendency or state of being drawn to the mass of something in the sky (such as the earth, the moon or a planet) for bodies at or near its surface.
21.	abnormal	(adjective)	differing from the typical.
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22.	sneakers	(plural noun)	shoes usually of canvas with flexible rubber soles worn especially for sports or hiking.
23.	crackle	(verb)	to make small, sharp, sudden noises repeatedly.
24.	inspire	(verb)	to encourage or motivate.
25.	pleats	(plural noun)	folds in cloth made by doubling material over on itself and that is stitched, attached or held along one side.
26.	shivery	(adjective)	frigid, cold.
27.	briefing	(noun)	the process of being given usually essential information typically in little time and without unnecessary details.
28.	obtain	(verb)	to gain possession or disposal of usually by some planned action or method.
29.	portray	(verb)	to represent by drawing, painting or cutting something into the surface of a material.
30.	squeeze	(verb)	to exert pressure especially on opposite sides or parts of : press together closely or tightly.
31.	rumbling	(verb)	making a low, heavy rolling sound.
32.	gangplank	(noun)	a long, narrow, movable platform or bridge used to get on or off a ship (as from a wharf).
33.	scratched	(verb)	scraped or rubbed lightly with something pointed or rough in order to relieve itching.
34.	distorted	(verb)	twisted out of a natural, normal or original shape or condition.
35.	cardboard	(noun)	a stiff, thick kind of paper that sometimes has a coating and that can be used to make signs or for printed material.
36.	interviews	(verb)	questions or talks with especially in order to gain information or learn personal qualities.
37.	guilty	(adjective)	justly chargeable with or responsible for a fault or crime.
38.	lunar	(adjective)	of, taking place on or relating to the moon.
39.	custard	(noun)	a sweetened mixture of milk and eggs that is baked, boiled or frozen.
40.	shriek	(noun)	a shrill, usually wild or unintentional cry (as of sudden or extreme terror or pain or of violent laughter).
41.	ghost	(noun)	a supernatural appearance : apparition.
42.	mission	(noun)	a specific task with which a person or group is charged.
43.	tempting	(adjective)	alluring, enticing.
44.	majestic	(adjective)	having, exhibiting, or marked by magnificent or commanding power, effect, or appearance: regal.
45.	solution	(noun)	an answer to or a means of answering a problem : an explanation.



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46.	signals	(plural noun)	sounds or gestures made to give warning or command.
47.	eliminate	(verb)	to get rid of.
48.	universe	(noun)	the entire celestial cosmos.
49.	locusts	(plural noun)	migratory grasshoppers that often travel in vast swarms and strip the areas they travel through of all vegetation.
50.	guidance	(noun)	advice in choosing courses, preparing for a line of work or further education, or coping with personal problems given to students by a teacher or a professional counselor.
51.	pored	(verb)	devoted oneself to attentive reading.
52.	mulch	(noun)	a protective covering spread on the ground to reduce evaporation, maintain even soil temperature, prevent erosion, control weeds or enrich the soil.
53.	coiled	(verb)	wound (something) into rings laid within or on top of one another or wound spirally about an object.
54.	glands	(plural noun)	cells or groups of cells that selectively remove materials from the blood, modify them, and send them back out so the body can further use them or eliminate them.
55.	axis	(noun)	a straight line a body or a three-dimensional figure rotates about or may be supposed to rotate.
56.	radish	(noun)	the pungent, fleshy root of a plant that is typically eaten raw.
57.	lure	(verb)	to attract : entice.
58.	griddle	(noun)	a flat surface that is used to cook food using dry heat.
59.	jerkily	(adverb)	in a manner marked by jolting.
60.	stylish	(adjective)	conforming to an accepted standard and especially to one of current fashion.
61.	knelt	(verb)	fell or rested on the knees.
62.	frayed	(verb)	worn or worn off by or as if by rubbing.
63.	sprouted	(verb)	grew, sprung up or came forth as a shoot from a plant.
64.	relics	(plural noun)	souvenirs, mementos.
65.	discomfort	(noun)	mental or physical uneasiness that isn't as intense or concentrated in one area as pain.
66.	creatures	(plural noun)	lower animals; especially : farm animals.
67.	dwelling	(noun)	a building or construction used as a home.
68.	rickety	(adjective)	weak in the joints : tottering.
69.	infested	(verb)	overrun.
70.	despair	(noun)	total loss of hope.
71.	thirst	(noun)	a sensation of dryness in the mouth and throat associated with a desire for liquids.



72.	youthful	(adjective)	having the lively character or freshness of a young person : vigorous.
73.	shrewd	(adjective)	marked by cleverness or discernment : astute.
74.	molten	(adjective)	fused or liquefied by heat : melted.
75.	stalk	(noun)	the main stem of an herbaceous plant often with its dependent parts (such as leaves, twigs, fruit).
76.	aromas	(plural noun)	distinctive pleasing odors : fragrances.
77.	champion	(noun)	someone whose superiority is formally acknowledged especially after a test, contest or series of tests or contests.
78.	salesclerk	(noun)	a person employed to sell goods or services in a store.
79.	dollop or dallop	(noun)	a lump or blob of something semiliquid or mushy.
80.	gentlemen	(plural noun)	men whose conduct conforms to a certain standard of proper or correct behavior.
81.	captivity	(noun)	the state of being kept caged or fenced in.
82.	blathering	(noun)	foolish or nonsensical talk or writing.
83.	Venus	(noun)	the planet second in order from the sun.
84.	unwavering	(adjective)	characterized by steadiness: fixed.
85.	spectators	(plural noun)	people watching an exhibition (such as a sports event).
86.	construction	(noun)	the act of putting parts together to form a complete integrated object : fabrication.
87.	swindle	(verb)	to deprive of money or property by an instance or act of trickery or deceit.
88.	infinity	(noun)	an indefinitely great number or amount.
89.	mirror	(noun)	a polished or smooth substance that forms images by the reflection of light and that is usually made of glass with a reflective backing.
90.	resemble	(verb)	to be like or similar to.
91.	citizen	(noun)	a native or naturalized person who owes allegiance to a government and is entitled to protection and rights.
92.	pronounce	(verb)	to declare solemnly.
93.	taut	(adjective)	tightly drawn : tensely stretched.
94.	monopoly	(noun)	ownership that allows for the total control of the means of production or a market, usually for controlling prices.
95.	Florence	(geographical entry)	a small administrative district in central Italy that is the capital of the region of Tuscany.
96.	leopard	(noun)	a large, strong cat of southern Asia and Africa that is usually light orangish brown with black spots, spends time in trees, and often lies in ambush for its prey — called also "panther."
97.	comrades	(plural noun)	very close friends : companions.



98.	swiveled or swivelled	(verb)	swung or turned on or as if on a part that pivots freely on or as if on a headed bolt or pin.
99.	Borneo	(geographical entry)	an island of the Malay Archipelago southwest of the Philippines that is divided between Brunei, Malaysia and Indonesia.
100.	scaffolding	(noun)	a system of temporary or movable platforms that workers use to sit or stand on when working above the ground.

Scripps National Spelling Bee Vocabulary List for 4th Graders 2019-2020

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151	barograph	(noun)	an automatic instrument which is used to record variations in atmospheric pressure.
152	charred	(verb)	partly burned on the outside.
153	Pakistan	(geographical entry)	a country in southern Asia which borders the Arabian Sea.
154	pressure	(noun)	the burden of mental or physical distress.
155	surmised	(verb)	guessed : formed an opinion without substantial proof or certain knowledge.
156	teak	(noun)	the hard, strong, durable, yellowish brown wood of a tall East Indian timber tree which is highly resistant to insect attack and warping and is used for shipbuilding.
157	transit	(noun)	the public transportation of people by bus, subway train or other local system of conveyance.
158	cannonade	(noun)	a noisy persistent attack (as of questions).
159	appetite	(noun)	the desire to eat when food is available.
160	luggage	(noun)	suitcases, bags used for travel or other articles used to carry a traveler's belongings.
161	ramparts	(plural noun)	protective barriers.
162	vinyl	(noun)	any of a group of tough durable plastics based on resins that are used especially in the forming of films and sheeting, flooring, and sound records.
163	anemometers	(plural noun)	tools used to gauge the speed of the wind.
164	dainty	(adjective)	characterized by beauty that is delicate in nature.
165	buckle	(verb)	to secure two loose ends of something (such as a belt) with one end having a fastening and the other a catch.
166	vividly	(adverb)	intensely, sharply, keenly.
167	briny	(adjective)	salty.
168	pavement	(noun)	the surface of a public thoroughfare which is artificially covered.
169	garnet	(noun)	a brittle material which is typically red in color and occurs mainly in crystals.
170	furrow	(verb)	to cultivate or till as if with a plow.
171	sprawl	(verb)	to lie or sit with arms and legs stretched out : to spread out.
172	museum	(noun)	a building or institution which is devoted to the gathering, care, study and display of objects of lasting interest and value.
173	wren	(noun)	any of various small brown singing birds.
174	legend	(noun)	someone having a special status as a result of possessing extraordinary qualities that are typically partly real and partly mythical.
175	transistor	(noun)	an electronic device made of a small block of a semiconductor with three electrodes on it and that conducts electrons moving in one direction to the opposite direction.
176	amplify	(verb)	to expand, extend or enlarge a statement or idea by adding details or illustration.
177	security	(noun)	freedom from care, anxiety or fear.
178	refrain	(noun)	a phrase or verse that recurs regularly typically within a poem or song.
179	tactics	(plural noun)	methods : systems of procedure.
180	shepherd	(noun)	a man employed in tending, feeding and guarding sheep.

	33.00		any of a breed of hornless black or red beef cattle originally from
181	Angus	(noun)	Scotland.
182	mulish	(adjective)	stubborn, inflexible or uncompromising.
183	rivalry	(noun)	competition.
184	siblings	(plural noun)	two or more people with the same parents.
185	chestnut	(noun)	any of a genus of deciduous trees or shrubs native to temperate regions of the northern hemisphere that have a fruit consisting of a single nut.
186	minivan	(noun)	a small multipurpose vehicle with rear or side doors and side panels with windows that is used to transport passengers.
187	plaid	(adjective)	having a cross-barred multicolored pattern.
188	tissue	(noun)	an aggregate of cells together with their intercellular substance that form one of the structural materials out of which the body of a plant or an animal is made.
189	scoundrel	(noun)	a bold selfish person who is equipped with low ethical standards.
190	amino	(adjective)	relating to or containing the group NH2 united to a radical other than an acid radical.
191	menthol	(noun)	an alcohol that occurs naturally in peppermint oil and Japanese mint oil and can be made artificially.
192	Tabasco	(trademark)	— used for a condiment sauce made from capsicum berries.
193	obvious	(adjective)	easily perceived by the mind.
194	pulse	(noun)	a regular wave of distension in the arteries that is a result of blood progressing through an artery at each contraction of the ventricles of the heart.
195	cottage	(noun)	a small house typically used in the summer.
196	garland	(noun)	a wreath of leaves or flowers that is worn on the head or used for decoration.
197	gnaw	(verb)	to bite or chew on with the teeth.
198	comfort	(noun)	enjoyment in physical or mental well-being.
199	caroling OR carolling	(verb)	traveling outside in a group to sing Christmas songs on Christmas Eve.
200	foolishness	(noun)	the state of lacking seriousness : folly.

Scripps National Spelling Bee Vocabulary List for 5th Graders 2019-2020

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201	constellation	(noun)	any of the 88 configurations of stars.
202	sundering	(verb)	breaking or forcing apart.
203	juncture	(noun)	a seam or joint.
204	exploits	(verb)	takes undue advantage of.
205	rabble-rouser	(noun)	a person who stirs up the masses of the people (such as to violence or
		(noun)	hatred).
206	profound	(adjective)	hard to understand or comprehend.
207	wreath	(noun)	a crown or band of intertwined flowers or leaves worn or given as a
		(170411)	mark of honor.
208	profile	(noun)	a representation of something in outline.
209	untoward	(adjective)	unfortunate or unlucky.
210	memorial	(adjective)	commemorative.
211	industrial	(adjective)	of or belonging to a department of a craft, business or manufacture.
212	barrier	(noun)	an object or objects that serve to separate or keep items apart.
213	gratingly	(adverb)	with an irritating or harsh effect or sound.
214	brayed	(verb)	made a loud harsh cry — used of a donkey.
		(geographical	section of New York City in northern Manhattan that was a center of
215	Harlem	entry)	African American culture in the 1920s.
216	messenger	(noun)	someone who delivers a written or oral communication : a courier.
217	beacons	(plural noun)	fires placed on a hill or tower that are used to communicate signals.
218	generation	(noun)	development, rise.
219	coverage	(noun)	the amount of reporting given to a news event.
220	deters	(verb)	turns aside or discourages from acting.
		(geographical	landlocked country in Asia in the Himalayas on the northeast border of
221	Nepal	entry)	India.
222	disinfectant	(noun)	a chemical that destroys vegetative forms of harmful microorganisms.
		,	a period of continuous and often competitive activity in any seasonal
223	campaign	(noun)	occupation or industry.
224	starvation	(noun)	the instance of suffering from extreme hunger.
225	gamma	(noun)	the third letter of the Greek alphabet.
			an abdominal organ that plays a role in the maintenance of blood
226	spleen	(noun)	volume, the production of blood cells, the recovery of material from
	•		worn-out blood cells and the production of antibodies.
227	utensils	(plural noun)	tools or instruments used in a kitchen.
228	depot	(noun)	a bus station.
229	incident	(noun)	an uncommon happening.
230	brambles	(plural noun)	prickly and rough vines or shrubs.
		<u>.</u>	a bet in which the bettor selects the first, second and third finishers in a
231	trifecta	(noun)	contest or race in the correct order.
			coarse and rounded detritus found on the seashore and which is
232	shingle	ngle (noun)	different from regular gravel due to its large size.
233	mason	(noun)	a skilled artisan who builds using stone, brick or concrete.
234	avoid	(verb)	to stay clear of : to keep away from.
235	static	(adjective)	stable, stagnant.
236	samples	(plural noun)	portions to represent a whole.
250	Julipics	(platal floati)	portions to represent a whole.

237	modern	(adjective)	contemporary : relating to the present time.
220	ah alle	/·-·-1	the prepared form of a soft limestone, earthy in texture and white, gray
238	chalk	(noun)	or buff in color used for marking or drawing.
239	concentrate	(verb)	to bring all one's powers, faculties or activities to bear.
240	proud	(adjective)	elated : highly pleased.
241	expiration	(noun)	termination, close, extinction.
242	batteries	(plural noun)	level of enthusiasm or energy.
243	centuries	(plural noun)	time spans of 100 years.
244	differed	(verb)	varied : changed from time to time.
245	fearsome	(adjective)	arousing from fright or terror.
246	fiercest	(adjective)	characterized by the most furious unrestrained vehemence or zeal.
247	residence	(noun)	the place where one lives or has their home.
248	abated	(verb)	lessened : decreased in force.
249	scattering	(verb)	spreading widely and randomly by throwing about.
250	toppled	(verb)	tumbled down : fell from top-heaviness.



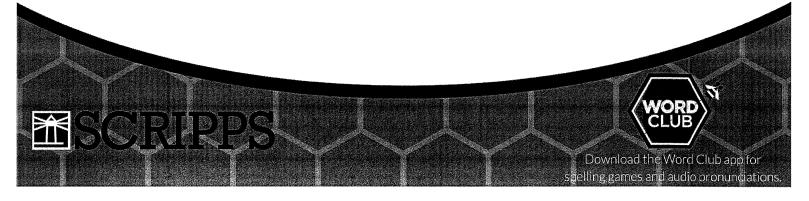
Scripps National Spelling Bee

Two Bee Study Words for Fourth Grade 2020-2021

The 2020-2021 School Spelling Bee Study List is broken down into three levels of difficulty: One Bee, Two Bee and Three Bee. Two Bee words include words appropriate for fourth, fifth and sixth grades.

The list below includes 50 challenging **fourth** grade words. If you learn the spellings and meanings of these words, you will be well prepared for your fourth grade classroom bee. To prepare for a school spelling bee, ask your teacher for the full 450-word School Spelling Bee Study List, which includes these words, the remainder of the Two Bee words, and the One Bee and Three Bee words.

1.	antsy	(adjective)	unable to stay still: jumpy or fidgety.
2.	hover	(verb)	to float over something.
3.	billow	(verb)	to move in wave-like surges.
4.	posh	(adjective)	extremely luxurious or exquisite.
5.	Canada	(geographical entry)	a North American country that stretches from the northern border of the United States to the Arctic, from the Atlantic to the Pacific.
6.	toga	(noun)	a long cloth first worn as a garment by citizens of ancient Rome.
7.	bison	(noun)	a large, shaggy cowlike mammal with short horns and a hump.
8.	strum	(verb)	to play a stringed musical instrument.
9.	dangerous	(adjective)	involving risk : requiring caution.
10.	pluck	(verb)	to yank or pick out.
11.	squid	(noun)	a type of 10-armed sea animal having a highly developed head, prehensile suckers or hooks, and the ability to swim rapidly by means of shooting a jet of water.



12.	Frisbee	(trademark)	— used for a thin circular object made of plastic that is thrown between two or more people.
13.	teeter	(verb)	to move in a wobbly or unsteady way.
14.	chives	(plural noun)	plants related to onions that are used to add flavor to food.
15.	rallies	(verb)	regains strength or comes back in an athletic contest.
16.	pastry	(noun)	an individual piece of a type of sweet good that is made of baked dough.
17.	coveralls	(plural noun)	clothes worn over others to protect them, generally consisting of shirts and loose trousers joined together.
18.	ponytail	(noun)	a hairstyle where all the hair is pulled back and meant to look like the long hairs on the end of a horse.
19.	clatter	(noun)	a loud noise as of solid objects colliding.
20.	snout	(noun)	the lengthy projecting nose of any of several mammals, such as the pig.
21.	tumbling	(noun)	the sport of performing the gymnastic skills of turning and rolling.
22.	cradle	(noun)	a bed that typically rocks and is designed for use by a baby.
23.	firefly	(noun)	a flying insect that emits intermittent light.
24.	serious	(adjective)	grave in demeanor, personality, or appearance.
25.	banners	(plural noun)	strips of cloth with messages or signs painted on them.
26.	humor OR humour	(verb)	to soothe by indulging.
27.	mention	(noun)	a brief acknowledgment or citation.
28.	spoken	(adjective)	delivered by word of mouth.
29.	record	(noun)	a statement in writing giving the details of an event.
30.	bridge	(noun)	something that is built over a low spot or obstacle in order to travel over it.
31.	pinpoint	(verb)	to determine the place of with exceptional accuracy.
32.	wisdom	(noun)	information gained over time.
33.	slate	(noun)	a flat stone tile used for roofing and siding.
34.	drape	(verb)	to cover loosely with a cloth.

35.	countless	(adjective)	too many to be tallied : a great number.
36.	hideout	(noun)	a haven, unseen shelter, or safe harbor.
37.	ruins	(plural noun)	remnants of things that have been demolished.
38.	Mexico	(geographical entry)	a country in southern North America.
39.	glazed	(verb)	became shiny like glass in appearance.
40.	scanner	(noun)	a device that makes a digital copy of an image or document.
41.	oncoming	(adjective)	approaching.
42.	flimsy	(adjective)	not sturdy : weak.
43.	launch	(verb)	to fling something with great effort.
44.	rubble	(noun)	fractured pieces of rock and other materials produced by the deterioration or demolition of a building.
45.	tourists	(plural noun)	people who journey from one place to another for knowledge or enjoyment.
46.	laughter	(noun)	the sound of air being expelled from the lungs in the expression of an emotion (such as joy).
47.	window	(noun)	an opening in a wall or door that usually contains a sheet of glass and that allows light and air in and permits viewing.
48.	meeting	(noun)	a coming together of people in a group for a specific purpose.
49.	plush	(adjective)	markedly extravagant, lavish, or effortless: exceptional of its kind.
50.	helmet	(noun)	a hard, protective head covering.



Scripps National Spelling Bee

Two Bee Study Words for Fifth Grade 2020-2021

The 2020-2021 School Spelling Bee Study List is broken down into three levels of difficulty: One Bee, Two Bee and Three Bee. Two Bee words include words appropriate for fourth, fifth and sixth grades.

The list below includes 50 challenging **fifth** grade words. If you learn the spellings and meanings of these words, you will be well prepared for your fifth grade classroom bee. To prepare for a school spelling bee, ask your teacher for the full 450-word School Spelling Bee Study List, which includes these words, the remainder of the Two Bee words, and the One Bee and Three Bee words.

1.	whimper	(verb)	to whine softly.
2.	bracelet	(noun)	a chain worn around the wrist for ornamentation.
3.	inwardly	(adverb)	internally: privately to one's self.
4.	mobility	(noun)	the ease with which a person or thing can move.
5.	eddy	(noun)	a small swirl of air or water moving against the main current.
6.	fanged	(adjective)	having the long sharp teeth of certain predatory animals, or being shaped like such teeth.
7.	bough	(noun)	a tree branch.
8.	listlessly	(adverb)	in a spiritless, languid manner.
9.	cautioned	(verb)	warned about a danger.
10.	flurry	(noun)	an instance of many things happening at once.
11.	glisten	(verb)	to shine: to sparkle.
12.	accuse	(verb)	to charge with a wrong.





13.	drowsy	(adjective)	sleepy.
14.	scoff	(verb)	to speak with contempt or ridicule.
15.	opposite	(adjective)	contrary: utterly different.
16.	instrument	(noun)	a device that is used to make music.
17.	blissfully	(adverb)	in a manner indicating absolute happiness.
18.	coarse	(adjective)	rough or crude in form or design.
19.	activists	(plural noun)	people who agitate and organize to achieve particular political goals.
20.	commute	(verb)	to journey back and forth between locations often or regularly.
21.	cocoa	(noun)	a warm drink of chocolate powder and water or milk.
22.	nutrients	(plural noun)	substances that nourish or promote growth or development.
23.	scarcely	(adverb)	just barely.
24.	stretcher	(noun)	a carrying device used to transport the dead, sick, or injured.
25.	lairs	(plural noun)	places where wild animals live.
26.	hybrid	(adjective)	having a blend of traits from two different traditions or cultures.
27.	mustard	(noun)	a strong yellow condiment made of crushed seeds made into a paste.
28.	cruel	(adjective)	stern, harsh, and without pity or softness.
29.	schedule	(noun)	a list of events or activities marked with when each will take place.
30.	goblins	(plural noun)	fairy creatures, generally ugly and threatening.
31.	splutter	(verb)	to speak in a hasty or confused fashion.
32.	convince	(verb)	to get someone to agree or believe by arguing a point.
33.	grateful	(adjective)	expressing gratitude: wanting to give thanks.
34.	gesture	(noun)	a movement of the body that communicates an idea.
35.	formation	(noun)	a group of troops arranged in a particular order.
36.	previous	(adjective)	occurring earlier or before.

37.	imposing	(adjective)	commanding attention due to magnificence, stature, size, or scope.
38.	complicated	(adjective)	not easy to understand.
39.	unnoticed	(adjective)	not observed or recognized.
40.	agreement	(noun)	a plan or course of action that two or more people have decided upon.
41.	dappled	(adjective)	spotted or speckled.
42.	rustle	(verb)	to cause low, distinct sounds by moving.
43.	chef	(noun)	a skilled cook who leads a kitchen, its staff, and its operations in a restaurant or other business.
44.	crease	(noun)	a line or groove left in a flexible material through folding.
45.	whales	(plural noun)	very large aquatic mammals that look like fish.
46.	mislead	(verb)	to guide in an incorrect direction or into a mistaken belief or action: to deceive.
47.	subtitles	(plural noun)	written translations of foreign language dialogue projected at the bottom of the screen of a motion picture.
48.	fragment	(noun)	a portion broken off from a whole.
49.	retreat	(verb)	to fall back or retire from a position.
50.	implore	(verb)	to beseech.